

NAMF

ExtUtils::MM_Unix - methods used by ExtUtils::MakeMaker

SYNOPSIS

```
require ExtUtils::MM_Unix;
```

DESCRIPTION

The methods provided by this package are designed to be used in conjunction with ExtUtils::MakeMaker. When MakeMaker writes a Makefile, it creates one or more objects that inherit their methods from a package MM. MM itself doesn't provide any methods, but it ISA ExtUtils::MM_Unix class. The inheritance tree of MM lets operating specific packages take the responsibility for all the methods provided by MM_Unix. We are trying to reduce the number of the necessary overrides by defining rather primitive operations within ExtUtils::MM Unix.

If you are going to write a platform specific MM package, please try to limit the necessary overrides to primitive methods, and if it is not possible to do so, let's work out how to achieve that gain.

If you are overriding any of these methods in your Makefile.PL (in the MY class), please report that to the makemaker mailing list. We are trying to minimize the necessary method overrides and switch to data driven Makefile.PLs wherever possible. In the long run less methods will be overridable via the MY class.

METHODS

The following description of methods is still under development. Please refer to the code for not suitably documented sections and complain loudly to the makemaker@perl.org mailing list. Better yet, provide a patch.

Not all of the methods below are overridable in a Makefile.PL. Overridable methods are marked as (o). All methods are overridable by a platform specific MM_*.pm file (See ExtUtils::MM_VMS) and ExtUtils::MM_OS2).

Methods

```
os_flavor (o)
```

Simply says that we're Unix.

c_o (o)

Defines the suffix rules to compile different flavors of C files to object files.

cflags (o)

Does very much the same as the cflags script in the perl distribution. It doesn't return the whole compiler command line, but initializes all of its parts. The const_cccmd method then actually returns the definition of the CCCMD macro which uses these parts.

clean (o)

Defines the clean target.

```
clean_subdirs_target
```

```
my $make_frag = $MM->clean_subdirs_target;
```

Returns the clean_subdirs target. This is used by the clean target to call clean on any subdirectories which contain Makefiles.

const_cccmd (o)

Returns the full compiler call for C programs and stores the definition in CONST_CCCMD.

const_config (o)



Defines a couple of constants in the Makefile that are imported from %Config.

const_loadlibs (o)

Defines EXTRALIBS, LDLOADLIBS, BSLOADLIBS, LD_RUN_PATH. See *ExtUtils::Liblist* for details.

constants (o)

```
my $make_frag = $mm->constants;
```

Prints out macros for lots of constants.

depend (o)

Same as macro for the depend attribute.

dir_target (o)

Takes an array of directories that need to exist and returns a Makefile entry for a .exists file in these directories. Returns nothing, if the entry has already been processed. We're helpless though, if the same directory comes as \$(FOO) _and_ as "bar". Both of them get an entry, that's why we use "::".

init_DEST

\$mm->init_DEST

Defines the DESTDIR and DEST* variables paralleling the INSTALL*.

init dist

\$mm->init_dist;

Defines a lot of macros for distribution support.

macro description default	
TAR tar command to use tar TARFLAGS flags to pass to TAR cvf	
ZIP zip command to use zip ZIPFLAGS flags to pass to ZIP -r	
COMPRESS compression command to gzipbe use for tarfiles	st
SUFFIX suffix to put on .gz compressed files	
SHAR shar command to use shar	
PREOP extra commands to run before making the archive	
POSTOP extra commands to run after making the archive	
TO_UNIX a command to convert linefeeds to Unix style in your archive	
CI command to checkin your ci -u sources to version control	
RCS_LABEL command to label your sources rcs	
-Nv\$(VERSION_SYM): -q	



Generates a make fragment defining all the macros initialized in init_dist.

%overrides can be used to override any of the above.

dist_basics (o)

Defines the targets distclean, distcheck, skipcheck, manifest, veryclean.

dist_ci (o)

Defines a check in target for RCS.

dist_core (o)

```
my $dist_make_fragment = $MM->dist_core;
```

Puts the targets necessary for 'make dist' together into one make fragment.

dist_target

```
my $make_frag = $MM->dist_target;
```

Returns the 'dist' target to make an archive for distribution. This target simply checks to make sure the Makefile is up-to-date and depends on \$(DIST_DEFAULT).

tardist_target

```
my $make_frag = $MM->tardist_target;
```

Returns the 'tardist' target which is simply so 'make tardist' works. The real work is done by the dynamically named tardistfile_target() method, tardist should have that as a dependency.

zipdist_target

```
my $make_frag = $MM->zipdist_target;
```

Returns the 'zipdist' target which is simply so 'make zipdist' works. The real work is done by the dynamically named zipdistfile_target() method, zipdist should have that as a dependency.

tarfile_target

```
my $make_frag = $MM->tarfile_target;
```

The name of this target is the name of the tarball generated by tardist. This target does the actual work of turning the distdir into a tarball.

zipfile_target

```
my $make_frag = $MM->zipfile_target;
```



The name of this target is the name of the zip file generated by zipdist. This target does the actual work of turning the distdir into a zip file.

```
uutardist_target
```

```
my $make_frag = $MM->uutardist_target;
```

Converts the tarfile into a uuencoded file

shdist_target

```
my $make_frag = $MM->shdist_target;
```

Converts the distdir into a shell archive.

distdir

Defines the scratch directory target that will hold the distribution before tar-ing (or shar-ing).

dist test

Defines a target that produces the distribution in the scratchdirectory, and runs 'perl Makefile.PL; make ;make test' in that subdirectory.

dlsyms (o)

Used by AIX and VMS to define DL_FUNCS and DL_VARS and write the *.exp files.

dynamic (o)

Defines the dynamic target.

dynamic_bs (o)

Defines targets for bootstrap files.

dynamic_lib (o)

Defines how to produce the *.so (or equivalent) files.

exescan

Deprecated method. Use libscan instead.

extliblist

Called by init_others, and calls ext ExtUtils::Liblist. See ExtUtils::Liblist for details.

find_perl

Finds the executables PERL and FULLPERL

find_tests

```
my $test = $mm->find_tests;
```

Returns a string suitable for feeding to the shell to return all tests in t/*.t.

Methods to actually produce chunks of text for the Makefile

The methods here are called for each MakeMaker object in the order specified by @ExtUtils::MakeMaker::MM_Sections.

fixin

```
$mm->fixin(@files);
```

Inserts the sharpbang or equivalent magic number to a set of @files.

force (o)



Just writes FORCE:

guess_name

Guess the name of this package by examining the working directory's name. MakeMaker calls this only if the developer has not supplied a NAME attribute.

has link code

Returns true if C, XS, MYEXTLIB or similar objects exist within this object that need a compiler. Does not descend into subdirectories as needs_linking() does.

init dirscan

Scans the directory structure and initializes DIR, XS, XS_FILES, PM, C, C_FILES, O_FILES, H, H_FILES, PL_FILES, MAN*PODS, EXE_FILES.

Called by init_main.

init DIRFILESEP

Using / for Unix. Called by init_main.

init main

Initializes AR, AR_STATIC_ARGS, BASEEXT, CONFIG, DISTNAME, DLBASE, EXE_EXT, FULLEXT, FULLPERL, FULLPERLRUN, FULLPERLRUNINST, INST_*, INSTALL*, INSTALLDIRS, LIB_EXT, LIBPERL_A, MAP_TARGET, NAME, OBJ_EXT, PARENT_NAME, PERL, PERL_ARCHLIB, PERL_INC, PERL_LIB, PERL_SRC, PERLRUN, PERLRUNINST, PREFIX, VERSION, VERSION_SYM, XS_VERSION.

init others

Initializes EXTRALIBS, BSLOADLIBS, LDLOADLIBS, LIBS, LD_RUN_PATH, LD, OBJECT, BOOTDEP, PERLMAINCC, LDFROM, LINKTYPE, SHELL, NOOP, FIRST_MAKEFILE, MAKEFILE_OLD, NOECHO, RM_F, RM_RF, TEST_F, TOUCH, CP, MV, CHMOD, UMASK NULL, ECHO, ECHO N

init_INST

```
$mm->init_INST;
```

Called by init_main. Sets up all INST_* variables except those related to XS code. Those are handled in init_xs.

init_INSTALL

```
$mm->init_INSTALL;
```

Called by init_main. Sets up all INSTALL_* variables (except INSTALLDIRS) and *PREFIX.

init linker

Unix has no need of special linker flags.

init_lib2arch

```
$mm->init_lib2arch
```

init_PERL

```
$mm->init_PERL;
```

Called by init_main. Sets up ABSPERL, PERL, FULLPERL and all the *PERLRUN* permutations.

```
PERL is allowed to be miniperl FULLPERL must be a complete perl
```



```
ABSPERL is PERL converted to an absolute path
        *PERLRUN contains everything necessary to run perl, find it's
               libraries, etc...
         *PERLRUNINST is *PERLRUN + everything necessary to find the
              modules being built.
init_platform (o)
   Add MM_Unix_VERSION.
platform_constants (o)
init_PERM
      $mm->init_PERM
   Called by init_main. Initializes PERL_*
init xs
        $mm->init xs
   Sets up macros having to do with XS code. Currently just INST_STATIC, INST_DYNAMIC and
   INST BOOT.
install (o)
   Defines the install target.
installbin (o)
   Defines targets to make and to install EXE_FILES.
linkext (o)
   Defines the linkext target which in turn defines the LINKTYPE.
Isdir
   Takes as arguments a directory name and a regular expression. Returns all entries in the
   directory that match the regular expression.
macro (o)
   Simple subroutine to insert the macros defined by the macro attribute into the Makefile.
makeaperl (o)
   Called by staticmake. Defines how to write the Makefile to produce a static new perl.
   By default the Makefile produced includes all the static extensions in the perl library. (Purified
   versions of library files, e.g., DynaLoader_pure_p1_c0_032.a are automatically ignored to avoid
   link errors.)
makefile (o)
   Defines how to rewrite the Makefile.
maybe_command
   Returns true, if the argument is likely to be a command.
needs linking (o)
   Does this module need linking? Looks into subdirectory objects (see also has_link_code())
nicetext
```



misnamed method (will have to be changed). The MM_Unix method just returns the argument without further processing.

On VMS used to insure that colons marking targets are preceded by space - most Unix Makes don't need this, but it's necessary under VMS to distinguish the target delimiter from a colon appearing as part of a filespec.

parse_abstract

parse a file and return what you think is the ABSTRACT

parse_version

parse a file and return what you think is \$VERSION in this file set to. It will return the string "undef" if it can't figure out what \$VERSION is. \$VERSION should be for all to see, so our \$VERSION or plain \$VERSION are okay, but my \$VERSION is not.

pasthru (o)

Defines the string that is passed to recursive make calls in subdirectories.

perl_script

Takes one argument, a file name, and returns the file name, if the argument is likely to be a perl script. On MM_Unix this is true for any ordinary, readable file.

peridepend (o)

Defines the dependency from all *.h files that come with the perl distribution.

perm_rw (o)

Returns the attribute PERM_RW or the string 644. Used as the string that is passed to the chmod command to set the permissions for read/writeable files. MakeMaker chooses 644 because it has turned out in the past that relying on the umask provokes hard-to-track bug reports. When the return value is used by the perl function chmod, it is interpreted as an octal value.

perm rwx (o)

Returns the attribute PERM_RWX or the string 755, i.e. the string that is passed to the chmod command to set the permissions for executable files. See also perl_rw.

pm_to_blib

Defines target that copies all files in the hash PM to their destination and autosplits them. See "DESCRIPTION" in ExtUtils::Install

post_constants (o)

Returns an empty string per default. Dedicated to overrides from within Makefile.PL after all constants have been defined.

post initialize (o)

Returns an empty string per default. Used in Makefile.PLs to add some chunk of text to the Makefile after the object is initialized.

postamble (o)

Returns an empty string. Can be used in Makefile.PLs to write some text to the Makefile at the end.

ppd

Defines target that creates a PPD (Perl Package Description) file for a binary distribution.

prefixify

```
$MM->prefixify($var, $prefix, $new_prefix, $default);
```



Using either \$MM->{uc \$var} || \$Config{lc \$var}, it will attempt to replace it's \$prefix with a \$new_prefix.

Should the \$prefix fail to match AND a PREFIX was given as an argument to WriteMakefile() it will set it to the \$new_prefix + \$default. This is for systems whose file layouts don't neatly fit into our ideas of prefixes.

This is for heuristics which attempt to create directory structures that mirror those of the installed perl.

For example:

```
$MM->prefixify('installmanldir', '/usr', '/home/foo', 'man/manl');
```

this will attempt to remove '/usr' from the front of the \$MM->{INSTALLMAN1DIR} path (initializing it to \$Config{installman1dir} if necessary) and replace it with '/home/foo'. If this fails it will simply use '/home/foo/man/man1'.

```
processPL (o)
```

Defines targets to run *.PL files.

```
quote_paren
```

Backslashes parentheses () in command line arguments. Doesn't handle recursive Makefile \$ (...) constructs, but handles simple ones.

realclean (o)

Defines the realclean target.

```
realclean_subdirs_target
```

```
my $make_frag = $MM->realclean_subdirs_target;
```

Returns the realclean_subdirs target. This is used by the realclean target to call realclean on any subdirectories which contain Makefiles.

```
replace_manpage_separator
```

```
my $man_name = $MM->replace_manpage_separator($file_path);
```

Takes the name of a package, which may be a nested package, in the form 'Foo/Bar.pm' and replaces the slash with :: or something else safe for a man page file name. Returns the replacement.

```
oneliner (o)
```

quote literal

escape_newlines

max exec len

Using POSIX::ARG_MAX. Otherwise falling back to 4096.

static (o)

Defines the static target.

static_lib (o)

Defines how to produce the *.a (or equivalent) files.

staticmake (o)

Calls makeaperl.

subdir x (o)

Helper subroutine for subdirs



subdirs (o)

Defines targets to process subdirectories.

test (o)

Defines the test targets.

test_via_harness (override)

For some reason which I forget, Unix machines like to have PERL DL NONLAZY set for tests.

test_via_script (override)

Again, the PERL_DL_NONLAZY thing.

tools other (o)

```
my $make_frag = $MM->tools_other;
```

Returns a make fragment containing definitions for:

SHELL, CHMOD, CP, MV, NOOP, NOECHO, RM_F, RM_RF, TEST_F, TOUCH, DEV_NULL, UMASK_NULL, MKPATH, EQUALIZE_TIMESTAMP, WARN_IF_OLD_PACKLIST, UNINST, VERBINST, MOD_INSTALL, DOC_INSTALL and UNINSTALL

init_others() initializes all these values.

tool_xsubpp (o)

Determines typemaps, xsubpp version, prototype behaviour.

all_target

Build man pages, too

top_targets (o)

Defines the targets all, subdirs, config, and O_FILES

writedoc

Obsolete, deprecated method. Not used since Version 5.21.

xs_c (o)

Defines the suffix rules to compile XS files to C.

xs_cpp (o)

Defines the suffix rules to compile XS files to C++.

xs_o (o)

Defines suffix rules to go from XS to object files directly. This is only intended for broken make implementations.

SEE ALSO

ExtUtils::MakeMaker